

# Grade 8

# Units 4 & 5

# Week 4

**Parents:** Please help your child choose the most appropriate assignment(s) to complete each day. When the day's assignment is done, students finish the two reflection statements on this page.

**Please note Extra Practice activities are on-level for the grade level. Re-Engage activities give students additional support.**

**Special Education students should use the Re-Engage lessons as shown in the weekly plans.**

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Topic	Two-Step Equations	Solve Equations: Distributive Property	Pythagorean Theorem	The Converse of the Pythagorean Theorem	Distance on a Coordinate Plane
Assignment	Unit 4 Lesson 4 Extra Practice	Unit 4 Lesson 6 Re-Engage A Re-Engage B Extra Practice	Unit 5 Lesson 1 Re-Engage  Unit 5 Lesson 2 Re-Engage Extra Practice	Unit 5 Lesson 5 Re-Engage Extra Practice	Unit 5 Lesson 7 Re-Engage A Re-Engage B Extra Practice
Video link	<a href="#">Unit 4 Lesson 4 Student Support Video</a>	<a href="#">Unit 4 Lesson 6 Student Support Video</a>	<a href="#">Unit 5 Lesson 1 Student Support Video</a>	<a href="#">Unit 5 Lesson 5 Student Support Video</a>	<a href="#">Unit 5 Lesson 7 Student Support Video</a>
Fluency Practice	Integers Subtraction Fluency A	Integers Subtraction Fluency B	Integers Subtraction Fluency C	Integers Subtraction Fluency D	Integers Subtraction Fluency A
Reflection	One thing I was successful with is...  One thing I need more help with is...	One thing I was successful with is...  One thing I need more help with is...	One thing I was successful with is...  One thing I need more help with is...	One thing I was successful with is...  One thing I need more help with is...	One thing I was successful with is...  One thing I need more help with is...

**Find this packet on [swunmath.com](http://swunmath.com). Click on the hyperlinks to jump to the lesson videos.**

# Extra Practice

## Unit 4 • Lessons 3-4: Two-Step Equations



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Solve and check.

1.  $-4y + 12 = -16$

2.  $\frac{b}{3} - 5 = -9$

3.  $17 = 4m - 7$

4.  $4x - 7 = 13$

5.  $-\frac{f}{5} + 12 = -2$

6.  $3t - 2 = 19$

7.  $\frac{-c}{3} + 8 = -7$

8.  $16 = 8 + 4a$

# Re-Engage

## Unit 4 Lesson 5-6a: Use Distributive Property to Multiply



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Model

$$68 \times 52$$

Directions: Distribute to Multiply

Step 1. Separate the larger number into simple addition

Step 2. Multiply across

$$\begin{array}{r} (60 + 8) \times 52 = \\ (60 + 8) \times (50 + 2) = \\ (60 \times 50) + (60 \times 2) + (8 \times 50) + (8 \times 2) = \\ \begin{array}{ccccccc} 3000 & + & 120 & + & 400 & + & 16 & = & 3536 \\ \text{partial} & & \text{partial} & & \text{partial} & & \text{partial} & & \text{product} \\ \text{product} & & \text{product} & & \text{product} & & \text{product} & & \end{array} \end{array}$$

### Structured Guided Practice

Directions: Distribute to Multiply.

1.  $72 \times 34$

$$\begin{array}{r} (\quad + \quad) \times \quad = \\ (\quad + \quad) \times (\quad + \quad) = \\ (\quad \times \quad) + (\quad \times \quad) + (\quad \times \quad) + (\quad \times \quad) = \\ \begin{array}{ccccccc} \quad & + & \quad & + & \quad & + & \quad & = & \quad \\ \text{partial} & & \text{partial} & & \text{partial} & & \text{partial} & & \text{product} \\ \text{product} & & \text{product} & & \text{product} & & \text{product} & & \end{array} \end{array}$$

2.  $26 \times 54$

$$\begin{array}{r} (\quad + \quad) \times \quad = \\ (\quad + \quad) \times (\quad + \quad) = \\ (\quad \times \quad) + (\quad \times \quad) + (\quad \times \quad) + (\quad \times \quad) = \\ \begin{array}{ccccccc} \quad & + & \quad & + & \quad & + & \quad & = & \quad \\ \text{partial} & & \text{partial} & & \text{partial} & & \text{partial} & & \text{product} \\ \text{product} & & \text{product} & & \text{product} & & \text{product} & & \end{array} \end{array}$$

# Re-Engage

## Unit 4 Lesson 5-6a: Use Distributive Property to Multiply



### Student Practice

**Directions:** Distribute to Multiply.

1.  $86 \times 21$

2.  $63 \times 34$

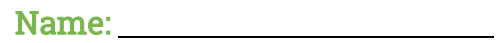
3.  $59 \times 26$

4.  $72 \times 44$

5.  $62 \times 18$

6.  $55 \times 33$

## Unit 4 Lesson 5-6b: Distributing with Variables



Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Model 1

$$50a + 45$$

# Re-Engage

## Unit 4 Lesson 5-6b: Distributing with Variables



### Student Practice

**Directions:** Distribute.

1.  $7 \times (11d + 9)$

2.  $2 \times (8f + 7)$

3.  $5 \times (6b + 2)$

4.  $9 \times (5k - 2)$

5.  $2 \times (9w - 12)$

6.  $6 \times (4n - 3)$

# Extra Practice

## Unit 4 • Lessons 5-6: Solve Equations: Distributive Property



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Solve and check.

1.  $-4(x + 2) = -16$

2.  $2(y - 5) = 10$

3.  $15 = 3(z - 2)$

4.  $15 - 4(a - 1) = 27$

5.  $17 - 2(b + 12) = 7$

6.  $3 - 5(c - 2) = 18$

7.  $2 + 3(2d + 3) = -7$

8.  $20 = 8 + 5f$

# Re-Engage

## Unit 5 Lesson 1: Perfect Squares



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

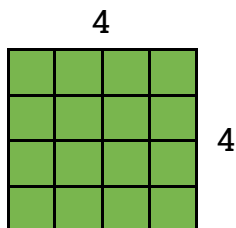
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Model

#### Perfect Squares

A perfect square is the square of a whole number.  
To find the square of a number, multiply it by itself.

$$4^2 = 4 \cdot 4 = 16$$



Perfect squares can be found along the diagonal of a multiplication table.

X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96
9	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
11	11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121	132
12	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144

### Structured Guided Practice

**Directions:** Calculate the square.

1.  $7^2$

2.  $8^2$

3.  $(-7)^2$

4.  $(-8)^2$



# Re-Engage

## Unit 5 Lesson 1: Perfect Squares



### Student Practice

**Directions:** Calculate the square.

1.  $4^2$

2.  $12^2$

3.  $14^2$

4.  $(-4)^2$

5.  $(-12)^2$

6.  $(-14)^2$

# Re-Engage

## Unit 5 Lesson 2: Squares Roots



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Model

#### Square Roots

##### Perfect Square Method

Find a perfect square that is a factor of 48.  
Simplify the problem.

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{48} &= \sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ &= 4 \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ &= 4\sqrt{3}\end{aligned}$$

##### Prime Factor Method

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{48} &= \sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} \\ &= \sqrt{2 \cdot 2} \cdot \sqrt{2 \cdot 2} \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ &= 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ &= 4 \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ &= 4\sqrt{3}\end{aligned}$$

### Structured Guided Practice

**Directions:** Solve.

1.  $\sqrt{225}$

2.  $\sqrt{169}$

3.  $\sqrt{12}$

4.  $\sqrt{18}$

# Re-Engage

## Unit 5 Lesson 2: Squares Roots



### Student Practice

**Directions:** Solve.

1.  $\sqrt{121}$

2.  $\sqrt{64}$

3.  $\sqrt{196}$

4.  $\sqrt{32}$

5.  $\sqrt{75}$

6.  $\sqrt{60}$

# Extra Practice

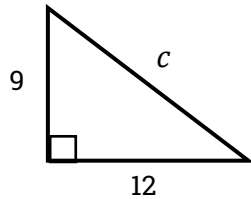
## Unit 5 • Lessons 1, 2, and 3: The Pythagorean Theorem

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

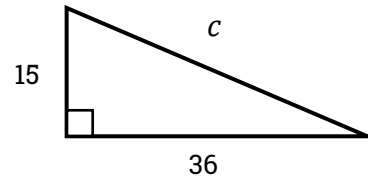
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: Solve for the missing value.

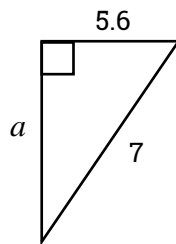
1.



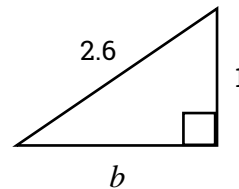
2.



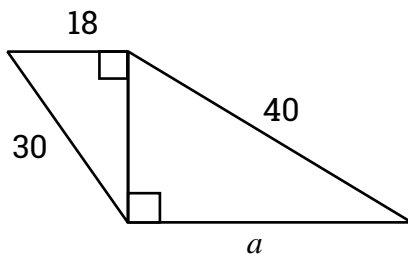
3.



4.



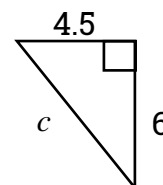
5.



6. A park is 1 mile wide and 2.4 miles long. If you walk diagonally across the park, how long is your walk?

6. The skateboard ramp is 50 feet long. The base of the ramp is 30 feet. What is the height of the ramp?

8.



# Re-Engage

## Unit 5 Lesson 4-5: Right Triangles



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Model

#### Determine Right Triangles

If  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$  then it is a right triangle.

##### Example 1:

If  $a = 3.5^2 = 12.25$

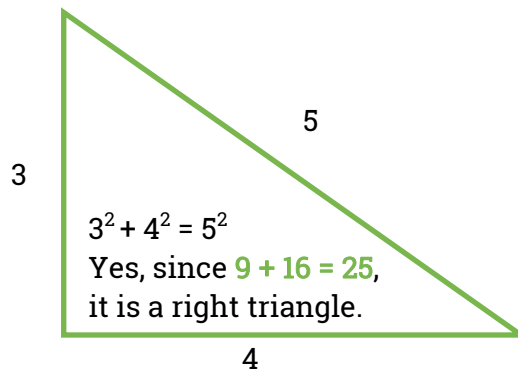
If  $b = 6.2^2 = 17.64$

If  $c = 5^2 = 25$

$12.25 + 17.64 \neq 25$

No, it is not a right triangle.

##### Example 2:



### Structured Guided Practice

**Directions:** Determine if the equation creates a right triangle. Select = or  $\neq$ .

1.  $8^2 + 18^2 \square 20^2$

=	$\neq$
---	--------

2.  $6^2 + 8^2 \square 10^2$

=	$\neq$
---	--------

# Re-Engage

## Unit 5 Lesson 4-5: Right Triangles



### Student Practice

**Directions:** Determine if the following equations create a right triangle. Select = or  $\neq$ .

1.  $5^2 + 12^2$    $13^2$

=	$\neq$
---	--------

2.  $3^2 + 2.1^2$    $5.5^2$

=	$\neq$
---	--------

3.  $1.5^2 + 4^2$    $3.3^2$

=	$\neq$
---	--------

4.  $8^2 + 15^2$    $17^2$

=	$\neq$
---	--------

5.  $5^2 + 6^2$    $7^2$

=	$\neq$
---	--------

6.  $24^2 + 7^2$    $25^2$

=	$\neq$
---	--------

## Extra Practice

### Unit 5 • Lessons 4 and 5: The Converse of the Pythagorean Theorem

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Draw the triangle with the given lengths (in mm) and determine the type of triangle it makes. Also, determine if a triangle is not able to be drawn, state why it does not work.

1. 15, 60, 65

2. 10, 40, 60

3. 33, 45, 60

4. 25, 42, 50

5. 15, 35, 50

6. 32, 42, 65

7. 25, 28, 45

8. 30, 40, 50

# Re-Engage

## Unit 5 Lesson 6-7a: Plot Points on a Coordinate Plane



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_


### Model

#### Plot Points on Coordinate Plane

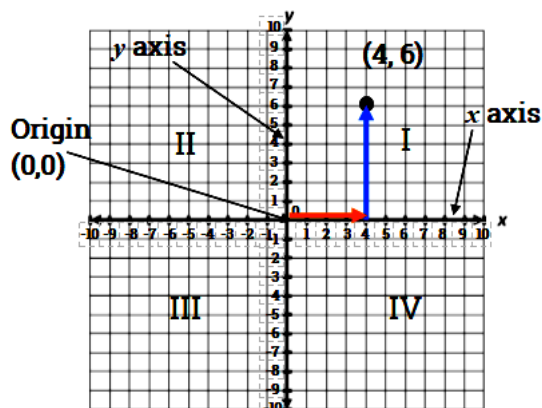
$(4, 6)$

$(x, y)$

1. Begin at the origin,  $(0,0)$

2. Move over on the  $x$ -axis 

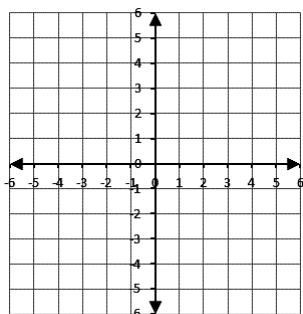
3. Move up or down on the  $y$ -axis 



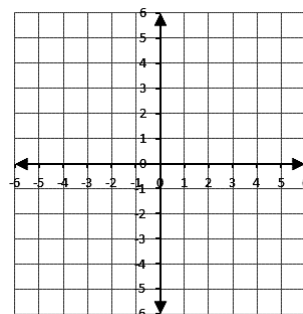
### Structured Guided Practice

**Directions:** Graph the point.

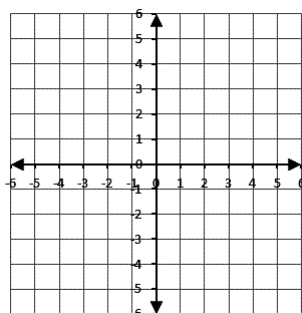
1.  $(6, 7)$



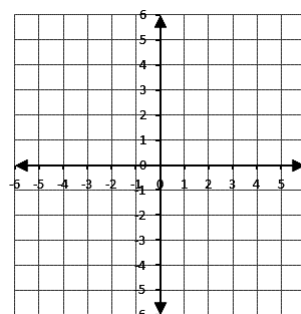
2.  $(5, 3)$



3.  $(-4, 2)$



4.  $(-6, 3)$





# Re-Engage

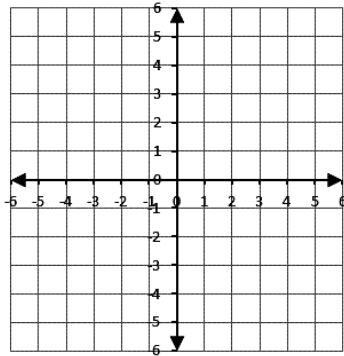
## Unit 5 Lesson 6-7a: Plot Points on a Coordinate Plane



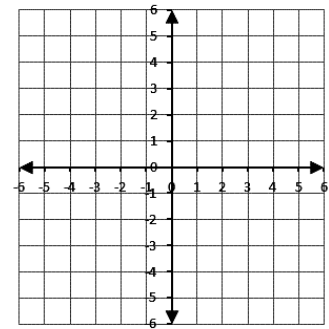
### Student Practice

**Directions:** Graph the point.

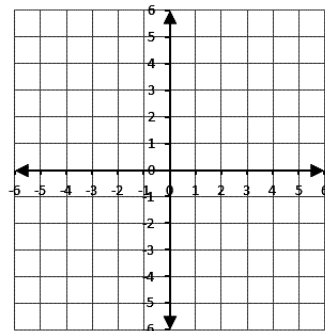
1.  $(4, 9)$



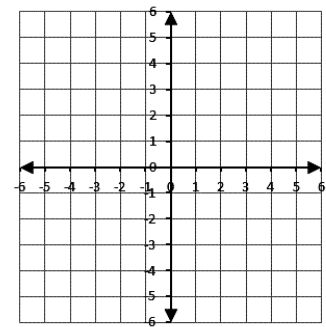
2.  $(6, 5)$



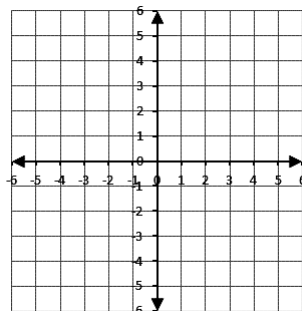
3.  $(2, 8)$



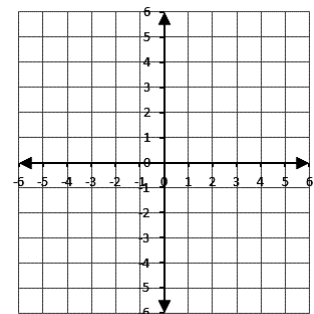
4.  $(-6, 3)$



5.  $(-5, 7)$



6.  $(-3, 3)$



# Re-Engage

## Unit 5 Lesson 6-7b: Right Triangles on a Coordinate Plane



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

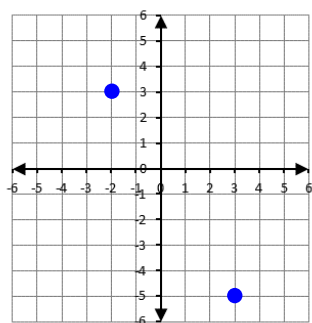
### Model

#### Create a Right Triangle

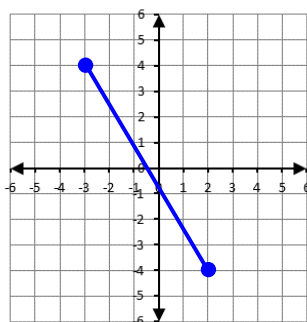
Use the following points to graph a right triangle.

$(-2, 3)$  and  $(3, -5)$

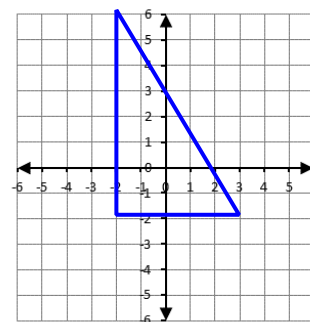
1. Plot  $(-2, 3)$  and  $(3, -5)$



2. Connect the points with a straight line.

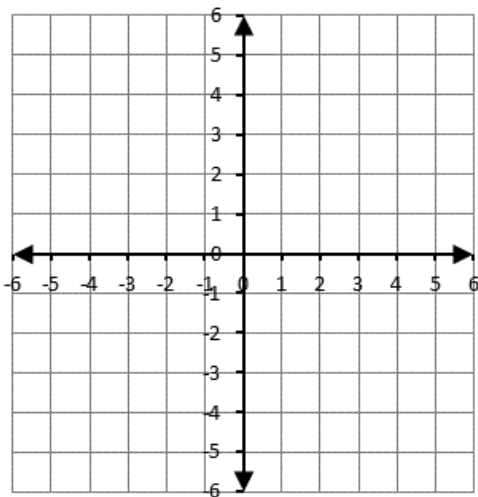


3. Extend the endpoints in a straight line to meet at a right angle, forming a right triangle.

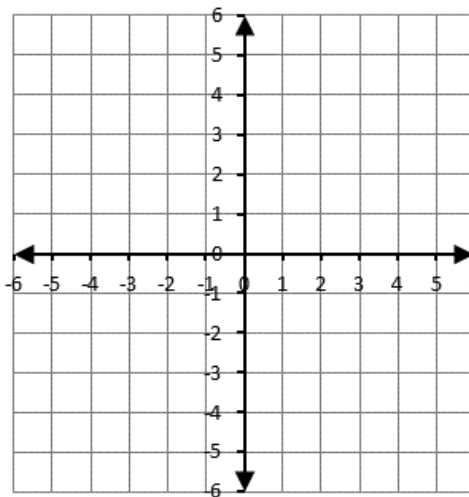


### Structured Guided Practice

1.  $(-4, 2)$  and  $(3, -2)$



2.  $(-2, 1)$  and  $(2, -4)$



# Re-Engage

## Unit 5 Lesson 6-7b: Right Triangles on a Coordinate Plane



### Student Practice

**Directions:** Graph the right triangle formed by the points.

1.  $(-1, 2)$  and  $(2, -3)$

2.  $(-2, 1)$  and  $(4, -2)$

3.  $(-3, 4)$  and  $(4, -1)$

4.  $(-5, 2)$  and  $(5, -2)$

5.  $(-4, 3)$  and  $(2, -4)$

6.  $(-1, 4)$  and  $(2, -3)$

# Extra Practice

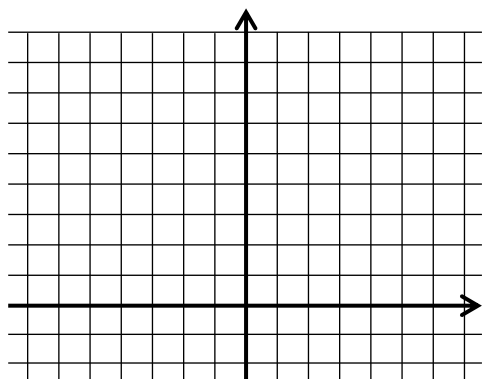
## Unit 5 • Lessons 6-7: Distance on a Coordinate Plane

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

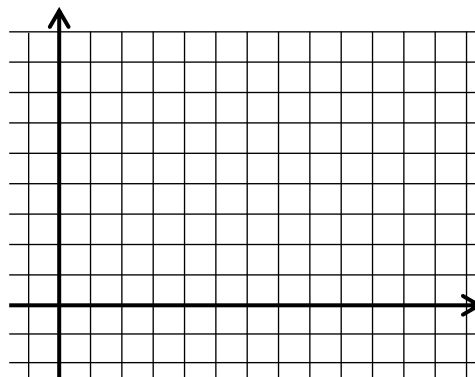
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Find the distance between the points.

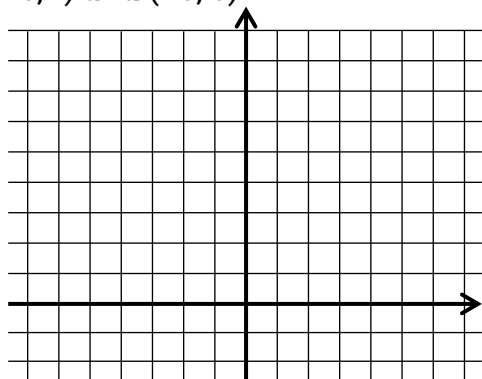
1.  $(-3, -2)$  and  $(5, 6)$



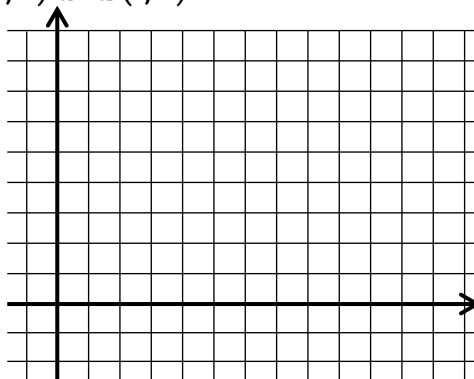
2.  $(1, 5)$  and  $(7, 0)$



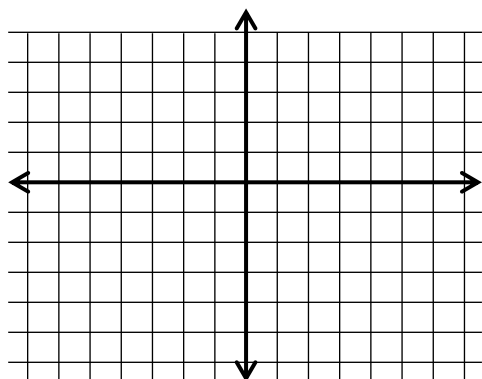
3.  $(-5, 1)$  and  $(-3, 3)$



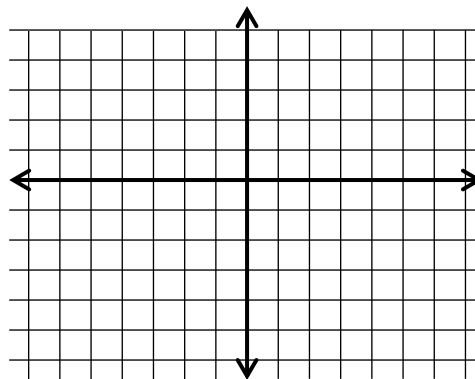
4.  $(5, 2)$  and  $(1, 7)$



5.  $(-5, 3)$  and  $(5, 3)$



6.  $(-7, 5)$  and  $(-7, -6)$



**Integers: Subtraction**  
**Fluency A**  
 (70 items)

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

$-6 - -6 =$	$-6 - -2 =$	$6 - -7 =$	$-2 - -9 =$	$-4 + -6 =$	$-2 - 4 =$	$-9 - 8 =$
$-4 - -8 =$	$3 - -4 =$	$-7 - -6 =$	$-8 - -3 =$	$-3 - -7 =$	$5 - -2 =$	$7 - -6 =$
$-3 - -5 =$	$-5 - -5 =$	$-9 - -7 =$	$7 - -9 =$	$-6 - -4 =$	$-6 - 8 =$	$-2 - -3 =$
$-7 - -7 =$	$-5 - 7 =$	$-9 - 6 =$	$0 - 6 =$	$-8 - 5 =$	$-6 - 9 =$	$-5 - 4 =$
$4 - -4 =$	$8 - -8 =$	$9 - -3 =$	$-7 - -8 =$	$8 - -1 =$	$-3 - 2 =$	$-4 - -3 =$
$8 - -8 =$	$8 - -4 =$	$-9 - 9 =$	$-7 - -5 =$	$-9 - 1 =$	$-8 - 6 =$	$-2 - -8 =$
$-2 - 7 =$	$-7 - 3 =$	$3 - -8 =$	$-9 - 2 =$	$3 - -9 =$	$-4 - -5 =$	$-9 - -4 =$
$-5 - 6 =$	$-9 - -5 =$	$-2 - 2 =$	$6 - -1 =$	$-6 - -5 =$	$-8 - -9 =$	$7 - -4 =$
$-2 - 6 =$	$5 - -3 =$	$-9 - 4 =$	$8 - -2 =$	$2 - -7 =$	$-4 - 2 =$	$-3 - -6 =$
$5 - -9 =$	$-2 - -5 =$	$6 - -3 =$	$-4 - 9 =$	$-5 - 8 =$	$-3 - 3 =$	$4 - -7 =$

**Integers: Subtraction**  
**Fluency B**  
 (70 items)

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

$-5 - 6 =$	$-9 - -5 =$	$-2 - 2 =$	$6 - -1 =$	$-6 - -5 =$	$-8 - -9 =$	$7 - -4 =$
$-5 - -9 =$	$-2 - -5 =$	$6 - -3 =$	$-4 - 9 =$	$-5 - 8 =$	$-3 - 3 =$	$4 - -7 =$
$-2 - 6 =$	$5 - -3 =$	$-9 - 4 =$	$8 - -2 =$	$2 - -7 =$	$-4 - 2 =$	$-3 - -6 =$
$-6 - -6 =$	$-6 - -2 =$	$6 - -7 =$	$-2 - -9 =$	$-4 - -6 =$	$-2 - 4 =$	$-9 - 8 =$
$-4 - -8 =$	$3 - -4 =$	$-7 - -6 =$	$-8 - -3 =$	$-3 - -7 =$	$5 - -2 =$	$7 - -6 =$
$-3 - -5 =$	$-5 - -5 =$	$-9 - -7 =$	$7 - -9 =$	$-6 - -4 =$	$-6 - 8 =$	$-2 - -3 =$
$-7 - -7 =$	$-5 - 7 =$	$-9 - 6 =$	$0 - 6 =$	$-8 - 5 =$	$-6 - 9 =$	$-5 - 4 =$
$4 - -4 =$	$8 - -8 =$	$9 - -3 =$	$-7 - -8 =$	$8 - -1 =$	$-3 - 2 =$	$-4 - -3 =$
$8 - -8 =$	$8 - -4 =$	$-9 - 9 =$	$-7 - -5 =$	$-9 - 1 =$	$-8 - 6 =$	$-2 - -8 =$
$-2 - 7 =$	$-7 - 3 =$	$3 - -8 =$	$-9 - 2 =$	$3 - -9 =$	$-4 - -5 =$	$-9 - -4 =$

**Integers: Subtraction**  
**Fluency C**  
 (70 items)

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

$-7 - -7 =$	$-5 - 7 =$	$-9 - 6 =$	$0 - 6 =$	$-8 - 5 =$	$-6 - 9 =$	$-5 - 4 =$
$4 - -4 =$	$8 - -8 =$	$9 - -3 =$	$-7 - -8 =$	$8 - -1 =$	$-3 - 2 =$	$-4 - -3 =$
$8 - -8 =$	$8 - -4 =$	$-9 - 9 =$	$-7 - -5 =$	$-9 - 1 =$	$-8 - 6 =$	$-2 - -8 =$
$-5 - 6 =$	$-9 - -5 =$	$-2 - 2 =$	$6 - -1 =$	$-6 - -5 =$	$-8 - -9 =$	$7 - -4 =$
$-2 - 6 =$	$5 - -3 =$	$-9 - 4 =$	$8 - -2 =$	$2 - -7 =$	$-4 - 2 =$	$-3 - -6 =$
$-5 - -9 =$	$-2 - -5 =$	$6 - -3 =$	$-4 - 9 =$	$-5 - 8 =$	$-3 - 3 =$	$4 - -7 =$
$-6 - -6 =$	$-6 - -2 =$	$6 - -7 =$	$-2 - -9 =$	$-4 - -6 =$	$-2 - 4 =$	$-9 - 8 =$
$-4 - -8 =$	$3 - -4 =$	$-7 - -6 =$	$-8 - -3 =$	$-3 - -7 =$	$5 - -2 =$	$7 - -6 =$
$-3 - -5 =$	$-5 - -5 =$	$-9 - -7 =$	$7 - -9 =$	$-6 - -4 =$	$-6 - 8 =$	$-2 - -3 =$
$-2 - 7 =$	$-7 - 3 =$	$3 - -8 =$	$-9 - 2 =$	$3 - -9 =$	$-4 - -5 =$	$-9 - -4 =$

**Integers: Subtraction**  
**Fluency D**  
 (70 items)

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

$-3 - -5 =$	$-5 - -5 =$	$-9 - -7 =$	$7 - -9 =$	$-6 - -4 =$	$-6 - 8 =$	$-2 - -3 =$
$-7 - -7 =$	$-5 - 7 =$	$-9 - 6 =$	$0 - 6 =$	$-8 - 5 =$	$-6 - 9 =$	$-5 - 4 =$
$4 - -4 =$	$8 - -8 =$	$9 - -3 =$	$-7 - -8 =$	$8 - -1 =$	$-3 - 2 =$	$-4 - -3 =$
$8 - -8 =$	$8 - -4 =$	$-9 - 9 =$	$-7 - -5 =$	$-9 - 1 =$	$-8 - 6 =$	$-2 - -8 =$
$-2 - 7 =$	$-7 - 3 =$	$3 - -8 =$	$-9 - 2 =$	$3 - -9 =$	$-4 - -5 =$	$-9 - -4 =$
$-6 - -6 =$	$-6 - -2 =$	$6 - -7 =$	$-2 - -9 =$	$-4 - -6 =$	$-2 - 4 =$	$-9 - 8 =$
$-4 - -8 =$	$3 - -4 =$	$-7 - -6 =$	$-8 - -3 =$	$-3 - -7 =$	$5 - -2 =$	$7 - -6 =$
$-5 - 6 =$	$-9 - -5 =$	$-2 - 2 =$	$6 - -1 =$	$-6 - -5 =$	$-8 - -9 =$	$7 - -4 =$
$-5 - -9 =$	$-2 - -5 =$	$6 - -3 =$	$-4 - 9 =$	$-5 - 8 =$	$-3 - 3 =$	$4 - -7 =$
$-2 - 6 =$	$5 - -3 =$	$-9 - 4 =$	$8 - -2 =$	$2 - -7 =$	$-4 - 2 =$	$-3 - -6 =$



**Integers: Subtraction  
Fluency A**  
(70 items)

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

$-6 - -6 =$	$-6 - -2 =$	$6 - -7 =$	$-2 - -9 =$	$-4 + -6 =$	$-2 - 4 =$	$-9 - 8 =$
$-4 - -8 =$	$3 - -4 =$	$-7 - -6 =$	$-8 - -3 =$	$-3 - -7 =$	$5 - -2 =$	$7 - -6 =$
$-3 - -5 =$	$-5 - -5 =$	$-9 - -7 =$	$7 - -9 =$	$-6 - -4 =$	$-6 - 8 =$	$-2 - -3 =$
$-7 - -7 =$	$-5 - 7 =$	$-9 - 6 =$	$0 - 6 =$	$-8 - 5 =$	$-6 - 9 =$	$-5 - 4 =$
$4 - -4 =$	$8 - -8 =$	$9 - -3 =$	$-7 - -8 =$	$8 - -1 =$	$-3 - 2 =$	$-4 - -3 =$
$8 - -8 =$	$8 - -4 =$	$-9 - 9 =$	$-7 - -5 =$	$-9 - 1 =$	$-8 - 6 =$	$-2 - -8 =$
$-2 - 7 =$	$-7 - 3 =$	$3 - -8 =$	$-9 - 2 =$	$3 - -9 =$	$-4 - -5 =$	$-9 - -4 =$
$-5 - 6 =$	$-9 - -5 =$	$-2 - 2 =$	$6 - -1 =$	$-6 - -5 =$	$-8 - -9 =$	$7 - -4 =$
$-2 - 6 =$	$5 - -3 =$	$-9 - 4 =$	$8 - -2 =$	$2 - -7 =$	$-4 - 2 =$	$-3 - -6 =$
$5 - -9 =$	$-2 - -5 =$	$6 - -3 =$	$-4 - 9 =$	$-5 - 8 =$	$-3 - 3 =$	$4 - -7 =$